# Security Resilience & Convergence

Are you (In)Secure

Chris Lapp
Technical Solutions Architect - Media & Entertainment
Cisco Distinguished Speaker



### Who am I?

I help Cisco Customers in the Media Space align technology to their Objectives. 15+ years' experience in broadcast, AV, and live entertainment.



#### Education

Studied at South Alberta Institute of Technology and graduated the BXST program



#### Experience

Bell Media, Evertz Microsystems, and Diversified



#### **SMPTE**

Currently hold the title of Membership Director for SMPTE for 4<sup>th</sup> term



#### Standards and Working Groups

Participate in the active standards body for SMPTE, AIMS, VSF, IETF and others with emphasis on Video over IP standards,



## Agenda

- 1 Key Trends
- 2 Change in Security Landscape
- 3 Secure Concepts
- 4 Reference Architecture
- 5 Readiness Index
- 5 Top Threats / Lessons Learned



Adoption of a Cloud Experience

Applications are now the Lifeline of Every Business

Shift to Hybrid Work

Security is Moving to the Cloud

Transition to 5G & Wi-Fi 6

Apps & Workloads are Moving Closer to Users & Devices

## Cybersecurity trends in 2023









of C-level executives will have performance requirements related to risk built into their employment contracts

of organizations will use cybersecurity risk as a primary determinant when doing business of enterprises will unify web, cloud services and private application access from a single vendor's SSE platform of Organizations are pursuing Security Vendor Consolidation



Source: Gartner

## Cybersecurity **Trends**

#### **Privacy regulation**

continues to expand

**Hybrid workforce** and data everywhere, accessible by everything

## **Security Vendor Consolidation**

Zero Trust is both a security principle and an organizational vision

#### **Cybersecurity risk**

determines whether organizations conduct business with third parties

Boards regard **cybersecurity as a business risk** rather
than solely a technical IT problem

The decision to make a ransomware payment or not is a business-level decision, not a security one.

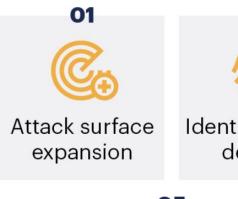
Business continuity
management in response to large-scale disruption.

Threat actors will have weaponized **OT environments** successfully to cause human casualties.



# Gartner Security Trends 2022

#### **Top Trends in Cybersecurity, 2022**

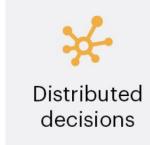












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#### gartner.com

Source: Gartner © 2022 Gartner, Inc. All rights reserved. PR\_1764850















"security is a public health matter"

"to protect anyone, we must

protect everyone"

- Edward Snowden

# Everything we do has been redefined



From office



From **home** 

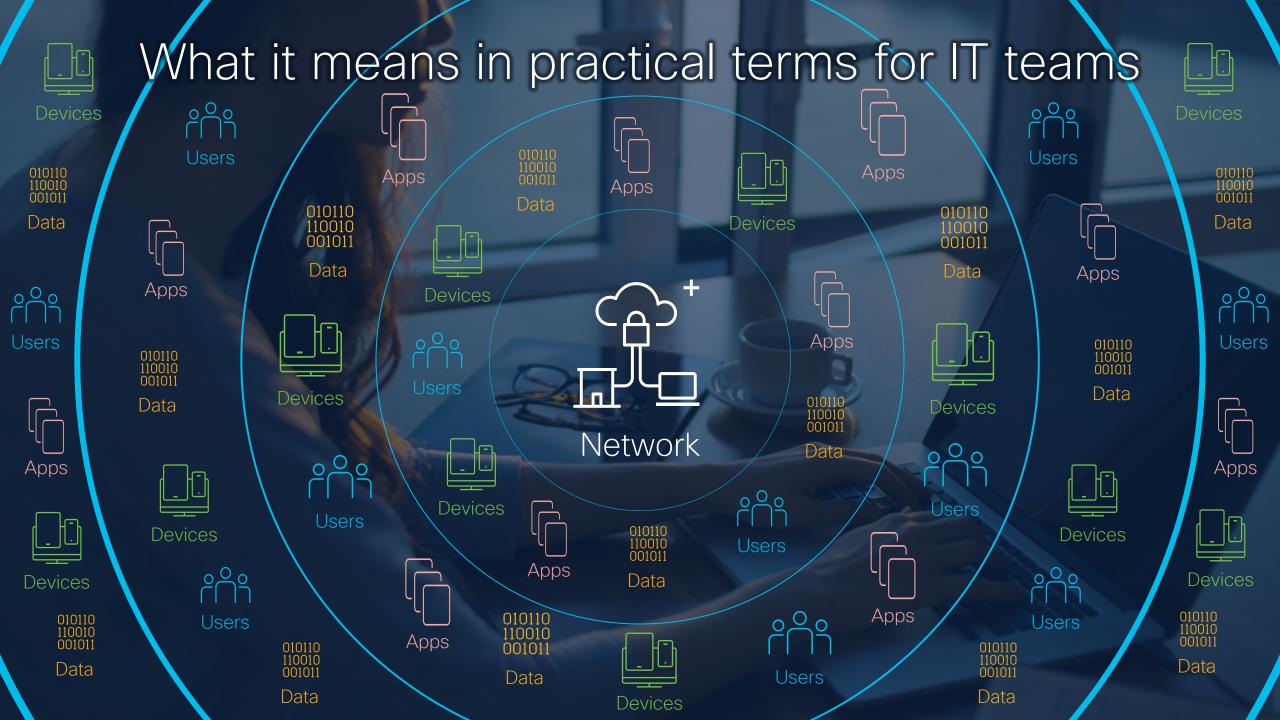


Anywhere in **between** 



## What it means in practical terms for IT teams





# The (In)security industry



# Way Too Many Vendors (and the wrong vendors are the breakout

Way Too Many Tools (and most tools don't work

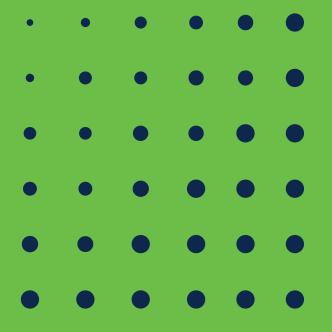
together)

stars)

Way Too Little Cooperation

(and too much focus on profits over security)

# Key Security Concepts



### 1. Nothing is 100% Secure

Breaches will happen

Until everything is secure, nothing is secure

Good guys need to be right 100% of the time - Bad guys only need to be right once

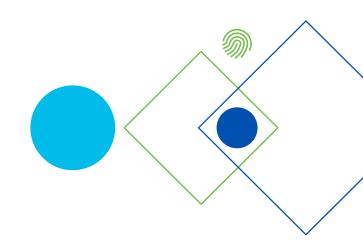
People are still the main reason breaches occur

Security solutions are only as effective as the weakest link



## 2. People Are (Still) The Biggest Threat

- Tremendous Security knowledge gap
- Most people are trustworthy, helpful, and eager to answer emails and phone calls (and bad guys use this against us)
- People will download almost any app and give that app almost any permissions
- Most people's <u>motivated perception</u> is flawed
- Bad guys use these traits (and more) against us



#### 3. Too Many Businesses Are Underfunded Or Unprotected

- Security still seen as a complex cost center
- Hard to find, pay, retain talent
- Firewalls no longer good enough
- Patching and updates are tedious and sporadic
- Many companies lack basic training, basic policies, basic enforcement



### 4. Security Models, Frameworks and Laws Matter

- Models and Frameworks:
  - Work
  - Can help justify investment
  - Drive efficiency and efficacy
- Laws can help:
  - Ensure breach reporting
  - Mandate investment
  - Protect personal and business information
- Note:
  - Federal regulation is coming (example)

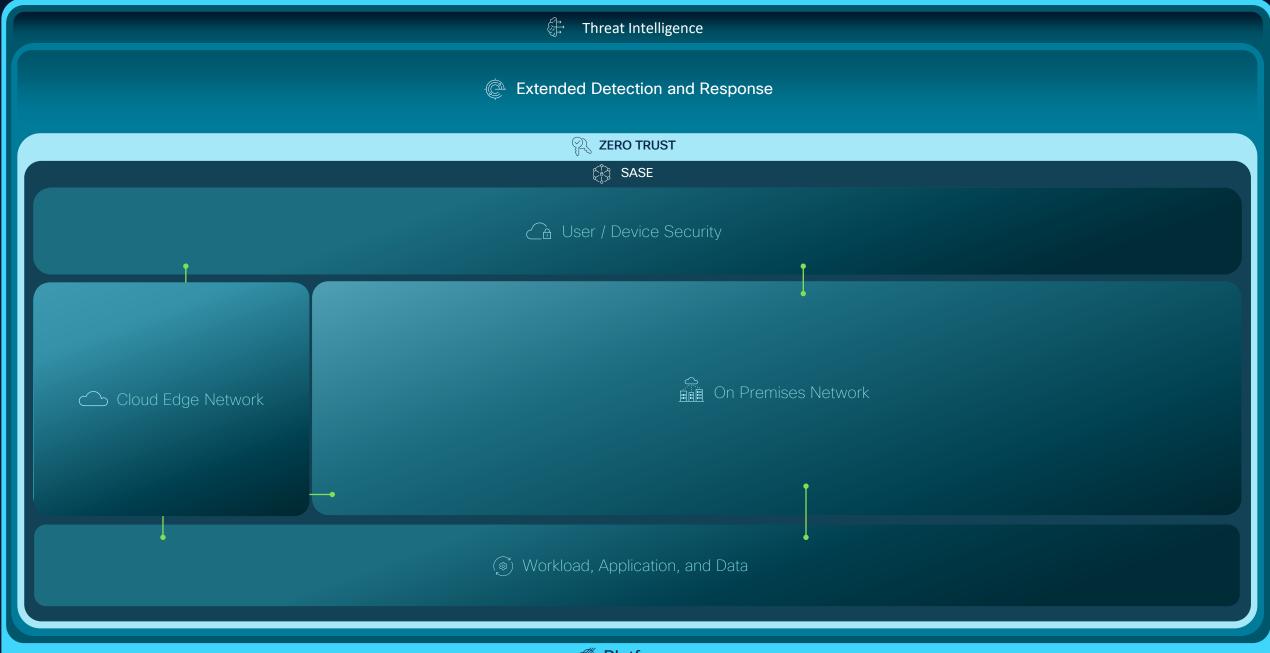


## 5. Threat Intelligence and Automation Matter

- Security solutions are only as good as their last Threat Intelligence Update
- Effective solutions must be easy to use and maintain, be manageable by people of all talent levels, and adapt to new and changing threats
- Platforms are becoming more important than point products





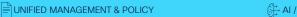




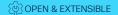




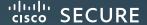








## What are we fighting?



## Internet of Things



Almost anything with a circuit is now Internet connected



Bad guys can use unprotected IoT devices against businesses



Many IoT companies put features and profit ahead of protection:



Many IoT devices have poorly written (hackable) software



Unpatched systems and IoT insecurity can lead to Supply Chain hacks (Covered later)



#### Threat As A Service

- Many hacking groups now offer Threat as a Service
- Threats are no longer only single-purpose, but blended
- Some groups are state sponsored, some are private

# The War is Tough

What Attackers are doing today	what your defenders will do today
1. Breach your network	
2. Monetize	2. Status Updates
	3. Add notes to tickets
	4. Timesheets
	5. HR mandated training
	6. Close tickets as "False Positive"
	7. update slide decks
	8. updata policies + KBs
	9. 23 minutes of Infosec work
allo	will \
	7)
121	11

#### Media & Entertainment

Key threats Talos is tracking

#### Blackbyte Ransomware



Criminal ransomware-as-aservice combining data exfiltration with encryption.

# **Credential Stuffing**



Criminal attackers attempting to guess credentials many times each second.

## Hacktivist Activity



Politically motivated hackers seeking to cause highly visible disruption.



# Cybersecurity Readiness Index



## Security Readiness in a hybrid world

Identity Verification

Devices

Network

Application Workloads

Data



To achieve this, they need solutions that offer



Visibility and Analytics

Automation and Orchestration

Governance



But how does one measure it?

# Identity Verification

Traditional Data stores like AD

Integrated IAM solution

Privileged Access Management

#### Devices

Built-in protections in the OS such as AV and host controls

Anti-virus with some enhanced features

End-point protection platform (Firewall, malware, USB controls, process viability)

#### Network

Network segmentation policies based on identity

Firewalls with built-in IPS

Network behavior Anomaly detections tools

Packet capture and sensor tools

# Application Workloads

Host software firewall

Endpoint protection capabilities

DLP

Application centric protection tools

Visibility and forensic tools

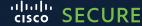
#### Data

**Encryption tools** 

Identification and Classification with DLP

Backup and Recovery

Host IPS & Protection tools



Identity Verification		Devices		Network		Application Workloads		Data	
Traditional Data stores like AD	30%	protections in the OS such as AV and host controls  Anti-virus with some enhanced featur	10%	Network segmen tation policies based on identity		Host software firewall	15%	Encryption tools	10%
						Endpoint protecti on capabilities	35%	Identification and Classificatio n with DLP	20%
Integrated 60% IAM solution	60%			Firewalls with	25%				
			20%	built-in IPS		DLP	10%		
				Network	25%	Application	20%		50%
Privileged 10% Access Mana gement	es		behavior Anomal y detections		Application centric protectio	20%	and Recovery		
	1070	End- point protection	70%	tools		n tools			
	point protection platform (Firewall, malwar e, USB controls, process viability)					Host IPS	20%		
		Packet capture and sensor tools	10%	Visibility and forensic tools	20%	& Protection tools			

# Identity Verification

Traditional Data stores like AD

Integrated IAM solution

Privileged Access Management Do you have this in your posture?

If yes, what is the scale of deployment:

- •Fully Deployed
- Partially deployed
- Just started the deployment
- Budgets approved, deployment yet to start

If no, do you intend to deploy?

If yes, do you have the budget approved?

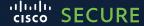
If yes, what is the intended timeline of deploying?

Three levels of scores / weightages:

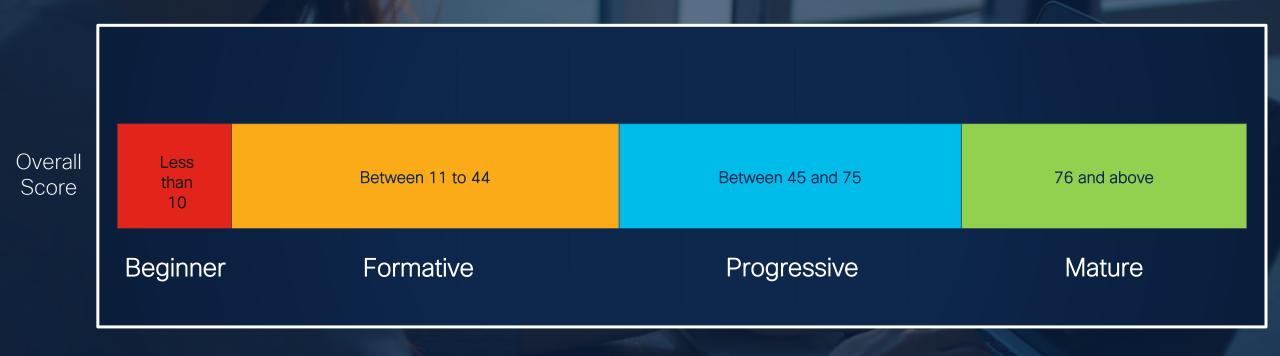
1. Scale of deployment of each technology under respective pillar

0 50 100

2. Individual weightage of each technology



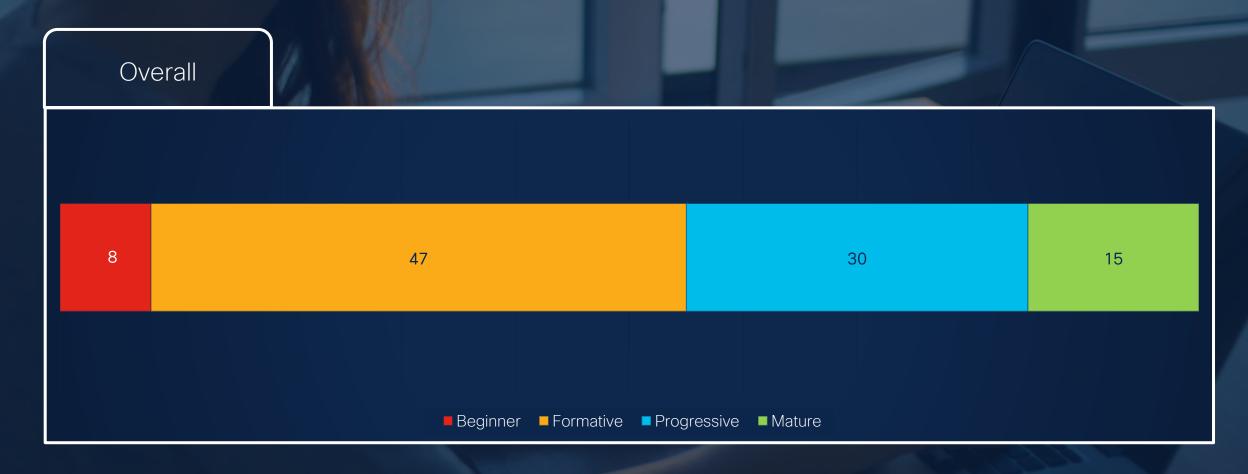




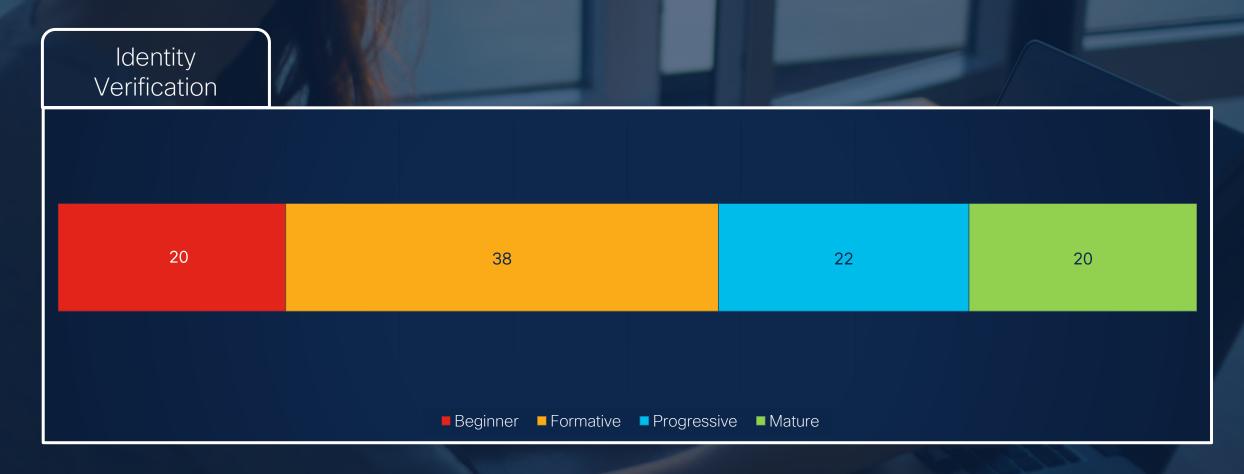
Stage of Security Readiness



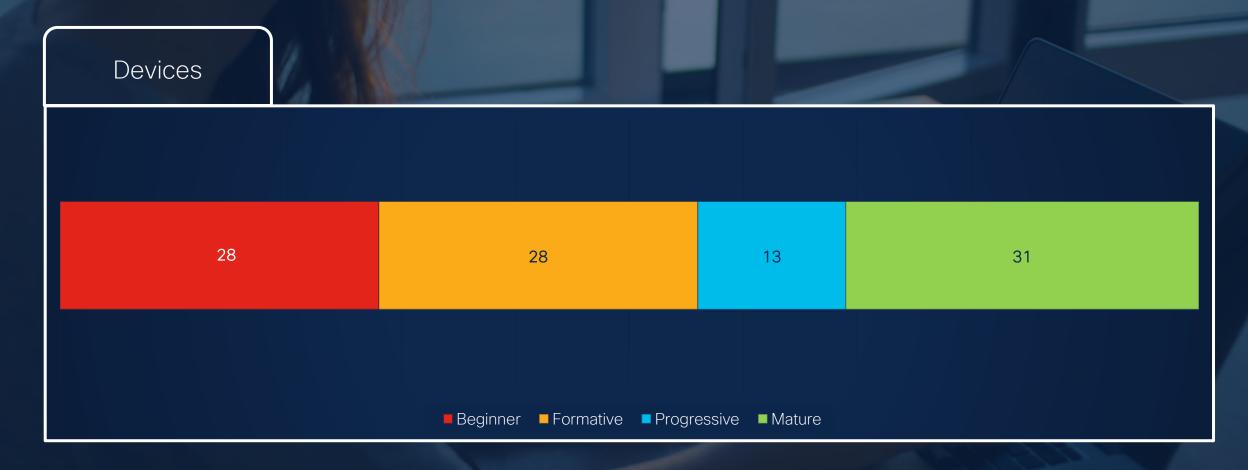




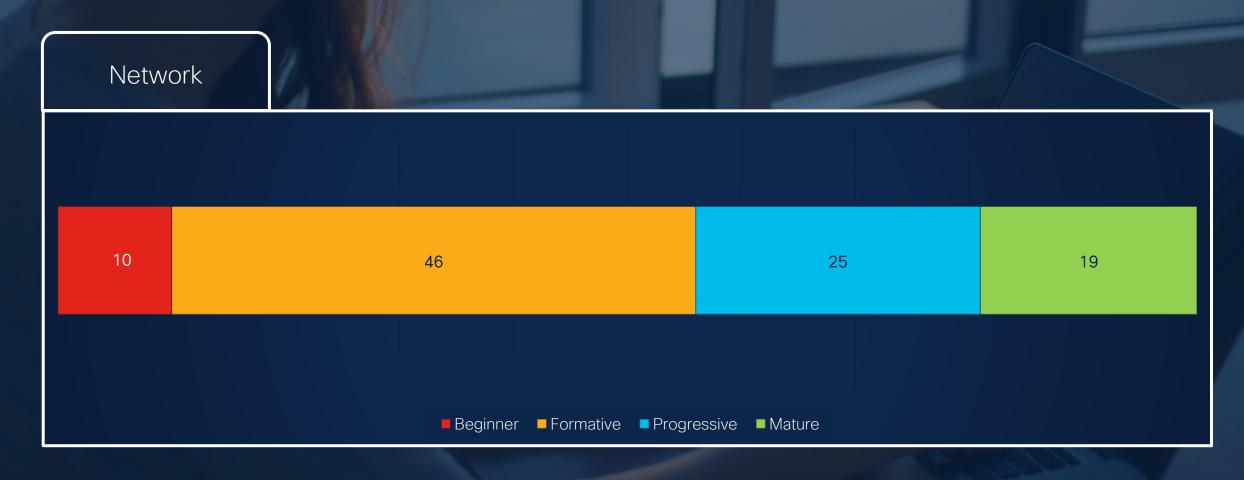


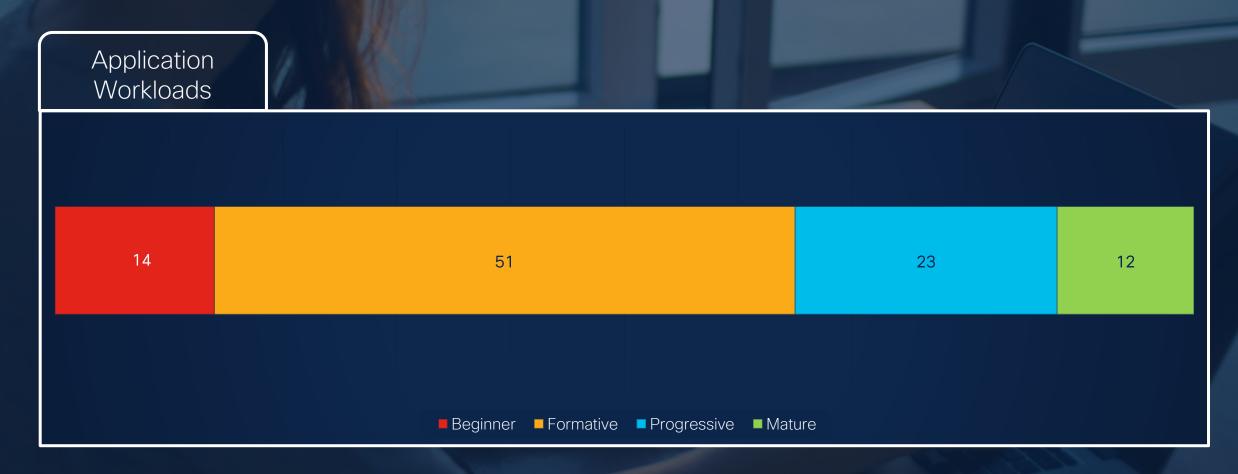










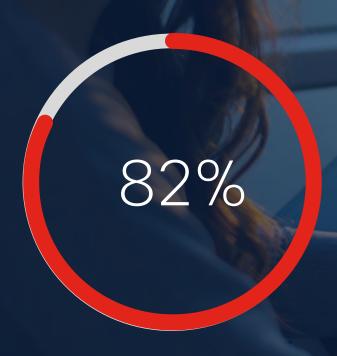








### Security Readiness: The gap is alarming



Companies that expect a cybersecurity incident to disrupt their business in the next 12 to 24 months

# Security Readiness: Being unprepared comes at a price



Companies have had a cyber incident in the past 12 months

Of affected companies said it cost them US\$500,000 or more

### What's Next

- More Supply Chain Hacks
- More Application, Internet of Things, Device Threats
- More Insider Threat
- Artificial Intelligence-Aided Threats
- Nation State Cyberwarfare
  - Which can affect private business





Our IT Industry is inexorably international, and anyone involved in the process can subvert the security of the end product. We cannot trust anyone, yet we have no choice but to trust everyone. No one is ready for the costs that solving this would entail

#### Bruce Schneier

American cryptographer, computer security professional, privacy specialist

### Top Threats, Lessons Learned...





# Top Threats – Incident Response • January - March 2023

Since January 2023, Talos IR has observed a novel increase in web shell usage compared to previous quarters, making up nearly a fourth of the threats responded to in Q1 2023.

Ransomware made up less than 10 percent of engagements vs. previous quarter's ransomware engagements (20 percent).

Ransomware and pre-ransomware incidents combined, however, made up nearly 22 percent of threats observed...

...collectively observed as often as web shells were this quarter.

Qakbot commodity loader was observed across engagements this quarter leveraging ZIP files with malicious OneNote documents

Adversaries are increasingly relying on OneNote to spread their malware after Microsoft disabled macros by default in Office documents in July 2022.

Exploitation of public-facing applications was the top initial access vector this quarter, contributing to 45 percent of engagements, a significant increase compared to 15 percent in the previous quarter.

### Lessons Learned - Incident Response

January – March 2023

30%

Thirty percent of engagements either did not have multi-factor authentication (MFA) enabled or only had it enabled on a select handful of accounts and critical services.

NO MFA!

Recent law enforcement efforts to disrupt major ransomware gangs, including **Hive** ransomware, have been successful in the past few months, though Talos IR suspects this creates space for other, new families to emerge or new partnerships to be formed.

This quarter also featured Daixin ransomware, a newer ransomware-as-aservice (RaaS) family that was previously unseen in prior Talos IR engagements.

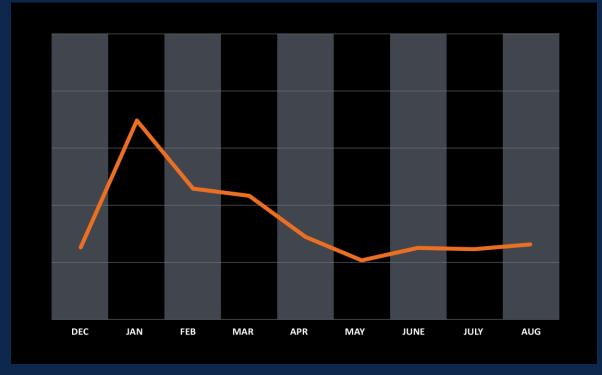
Ransomwareas-a-Service

### Log4j

#### Threat actors continue to exploit known vulnerabilities

- Alerts tied to log4j still remain in the 10s of millions
- Ransomware actors and cybercriminals quick to exploit
- Observed statesponsored activity from China and North Korea

Total alerts on malicious network traffic identified as Log4j exploitation attempts.



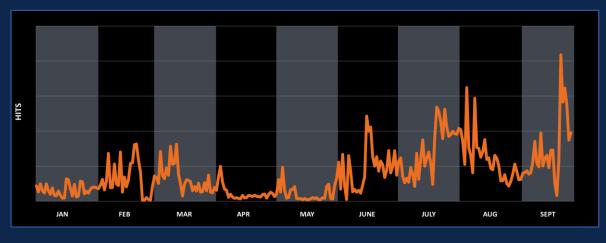
Source: Cisco Talos 2022 Year in Review https://blog.talosintelligence.com/talos-year-in-review-2022/

#### USB Attacks

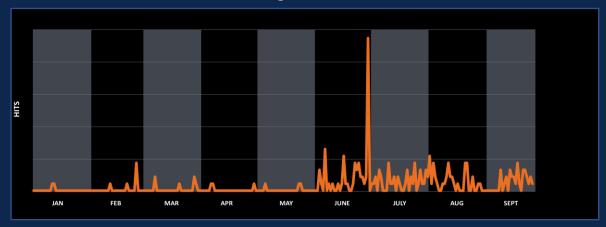
#### Observed increase in various USB-related alerts

- Talos Incident Response has a growing number of engagements in which removable USB drives infected organizations with malware.
- State-sponsored groups have updated their toolkits to include USBrelated tools and techniques

Behavioral indicators for executables written to USB.



Behavioral indicators for setting hidden attributes for files on a USB.







### Ransomware Evolution



### Ransomware - Evolving Behaviors and Trends

**Business Model** Ecosystem Initial Access Targets Top 3 Victim Sharing Ransomware-as-a- Greater democratization of service (RaaS) Phishing Emails Victim access for ransomware groups Payment Services sale RDP exploitation Shift from Big Game Customer Support Affiliates no longer focus Vulnerability structured in silos 24x7 Help Center exploitation Organizations of all and work across sizes proving multiple groups and **lucrative** 

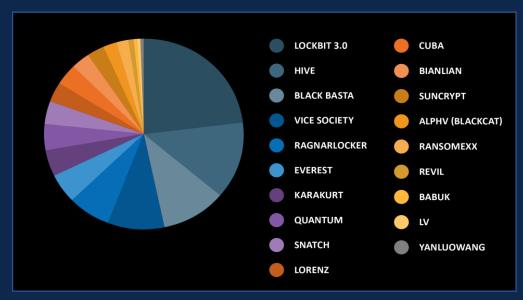
Increased Impact

Targeting Cloud, MSPs, Industrial Processes, Software Supply Chain .... and they work weekends and holidays!

campaigns

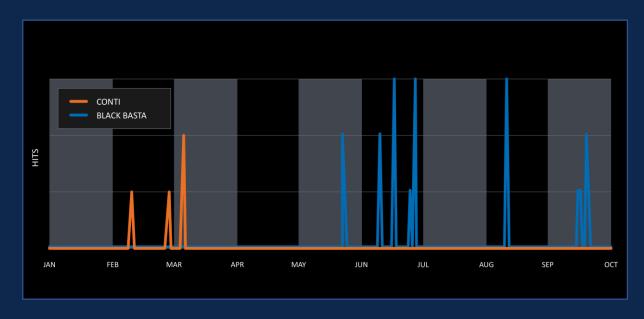
### Activity across ransomware groups

 Number of posts made to ransomware data leak sites tracked by Talos, January-October, 2022



Talos is tracking over 20 active ransomware cartels on the dark web

 Behavioral indicator detections for Conti Ransomware and Black Basta registry modifications



Even after takedowns, many cartels rebrand and reappear with similar tactics and techniques

Source: Cisco Talos 2022 Year in Review https://blog.talosintelligence.com/talos-year-in-review-2022/



### Defensive Takeaways



### Top 3 Defense Strategies to walk away with

Mastering the basics is still the most effective way to reduce risk

### MFA!

Credential stealing and reuse is STILL the most widely seen attack type.

- Protect your Credentials with MFA
- Be consistent with implementation
- Use Unique Logins / avoid defaults
- Use a secure browser (like Brave) and a password manager

### Patching!

2022 reporting estimates that more than 80% of network devices and 60% of applications remain unpatched.

- Ransomware Cartels are increasingly targeting unpatched systems and groups of systems
- Unpatched systems are EASY targets\*

\*A report by Redscan Labs showed that 90% of all common

### **Education!**

Email and SMS are still the top vectors for attack

- Phishing education should be highest priority
- Generative AI can make malicious emails almost indistinguishable
- Mitigating the human-factor + solid security investments in Email, DNS and Endpoint protection are critical



## cisco SECURE



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